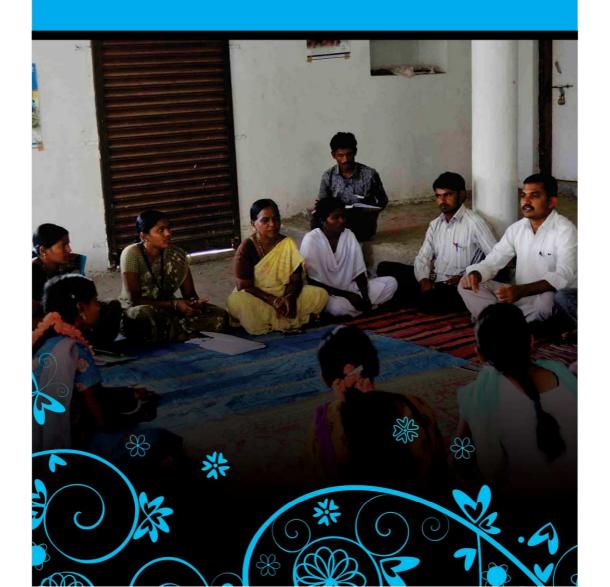


SOCIAL CARE: REDUCING CHILD VULNERABILITY

Child vulnerabilities, especially HIV/AIDS, disrupt children's lives putting their health and security at risk

Children Infected and Affected by HIV/AIDS (CABA) is a focus group for intervention in the Koppal project, funded by UNICEF German National Committee

CABA Committees formed at District and Taluk (sub-District) level in Koppal to provide safety net to HIV/AIDS infected children



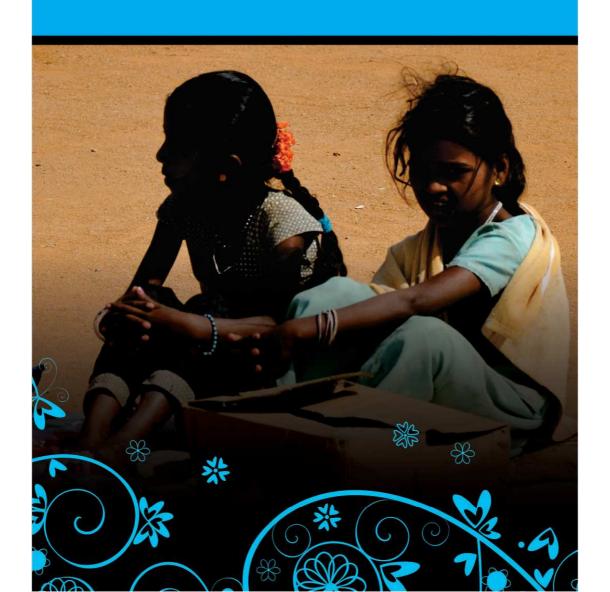


PROVIDING SUPPORT TO HIV AFFECTED FAMILIES & CHILDREN

CABA Committees identify high-risk families and children and refer them to Child Welfare Committees for inclusion in family strengthening programme

5000 high-risk families surveyed and 900 children infected and affected by HIV/AIDS identified and referred to Child Welfare Committees

Koppal district receives 1 million rupees every year from the State Government to support 471 children





CREATING A SOCIAL SERVICE WORKFORCE: CCCYC (THE CHURCHES COUNCIL FOR YOUTH AND CHILD CARE) & UNICEF

CCCYC working on child welfare issues for past 50 years, supported by Kindernothilfe (KNH) Germany

UNICEF partner with CCCYC to improve capacity of care workers

Principles of equity, inclusion and rights-based approach is promoted with NGO partners

Special focus on HIV infected and affected children, and child protection policies

CCCYC provides sponsorship, community-based and institution-based services to vulnerable children



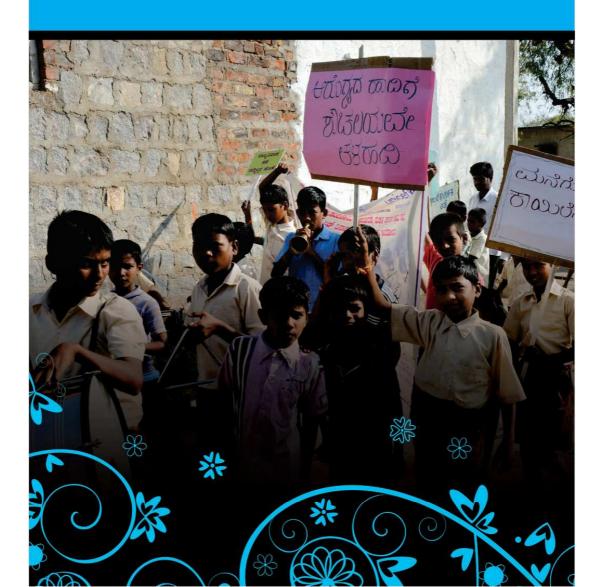


CCCYC & UNICEF PROJECT INTERVENTION

Strengthening the social services workforce at the lowest levels – improving capacity of care workers and social workers – ensuring families and children affected by HIV and AIDS are identified, supported, referred to services and protected

275 intervention projects across South India impacting 300,000 children

2924 children, infected and affected by HIV/AIDS and children who are sexually abused, covered by the project



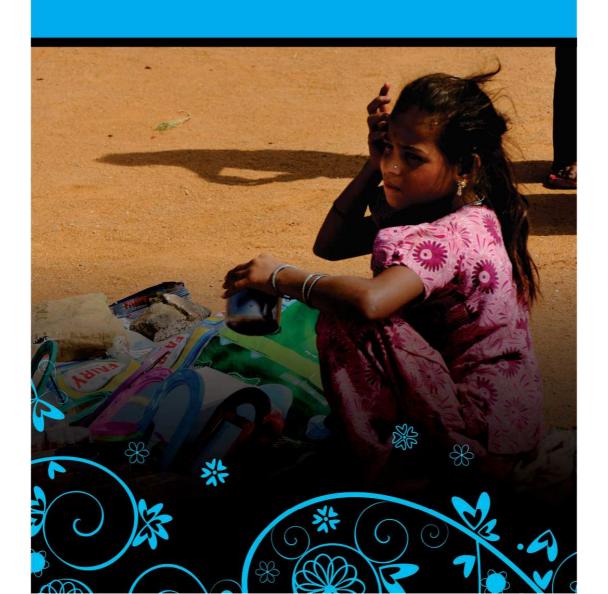


STATE GOVERNMENT'S INITIATIVE

"Vishesh Palan Yojan" (Special Care Plan) scheme for CABA children launched by Government of Karnataka

Social protection, care and support from local community to state level - to improve health, continuity in education, prevent stigma and discrimination, and strengthen families facing poverty and illness

70 million rupees yearly allocation towards welfare of HIV/AIDS infected children





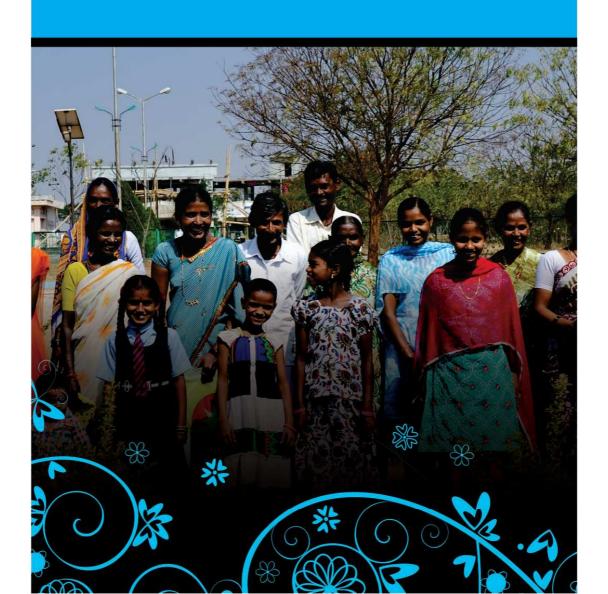
IMPACT OF KOPPAL PROJECT

Model developed for operationalising "Vishesh Palan Yojan" at Koppal

Increased access and retention in HIV care programmes

Simplified procedures to access benefits for HIV infected and affected children

Integration of CABA intervention with child protection/ICPS (Integrated Child Protection Scheme) programme





"BALIKA SANGHAS" :ADOLESCENT GIRLS' COLLECTIVES, KOPPAL

Adolescent girls are most vulnerable to abuse and negative social practices like child marriage

UNICEF-supported Balika Sanghas, or girls' collectives, in Koppal, offer girls Life-skill Education to empower them to deal with a variety of issues, ranging from child marriage, child labour, reproductive health, sexual abuse to vocational awareness



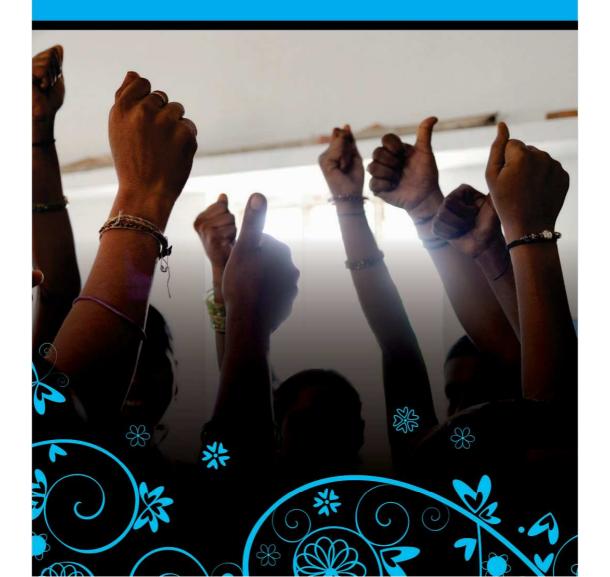


STRUCTURE OF BALIKA SANGHAS

Balika Sanghas constitute of girls in the age group of 14-18 years

Trained adolescent leaders educate their peers about child rights, child marriage, reproductive health, gender issues, HIV/AIDS, dowry, and violence

The centres also provide a safe place for adolescents to socialise and discuss their concerns



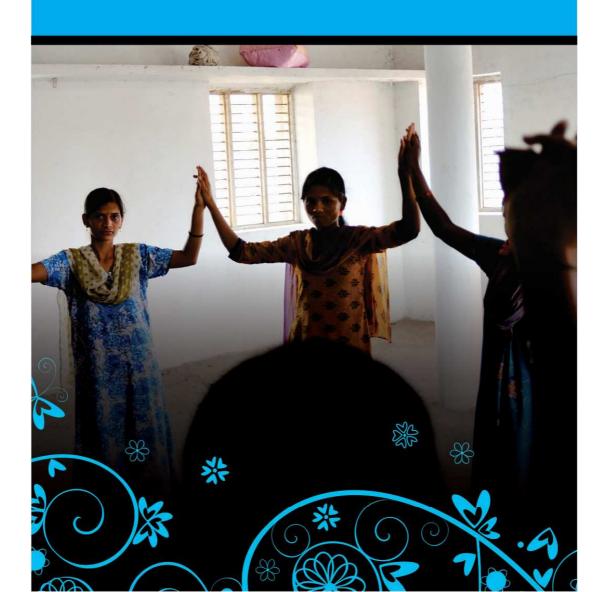


INTERVENTIONS OF BALIKA SANGHAS

Adults and adolescents work together to prevent child rights abuses in the local community

With support of the Panchayat (local self-government), Balika Sanghas intervene and sensitise parents to prevent child marriage, child labour and to continue education

Adolescent girls access training in small business management and livelihood, resulting in enhanced economic growth, strengthening case against early marriage and dowry



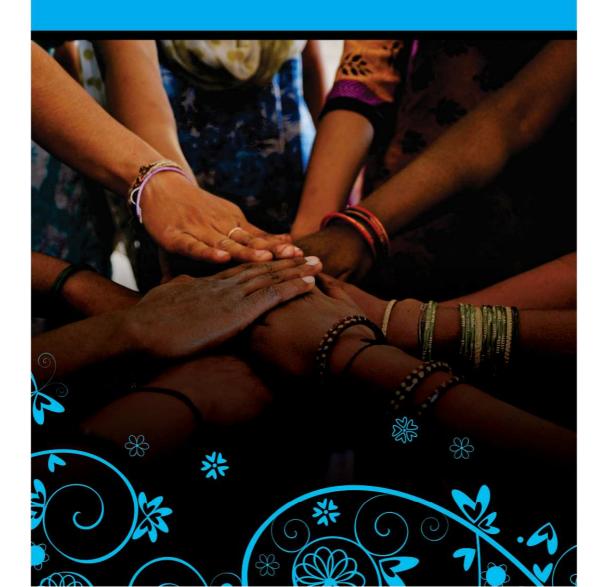


ACHIEVEMENTS OF BALIKA SANGHAS IN KOPPAL

1373 Balika Sangha groups with more than 34,000 members oriented

Over 400 child marriage cases referred to Balika Sangha groups – 153 child marriages prevented

Interventions now reach 300 villages, helping to build a culture of female empowerment and delayed marriage



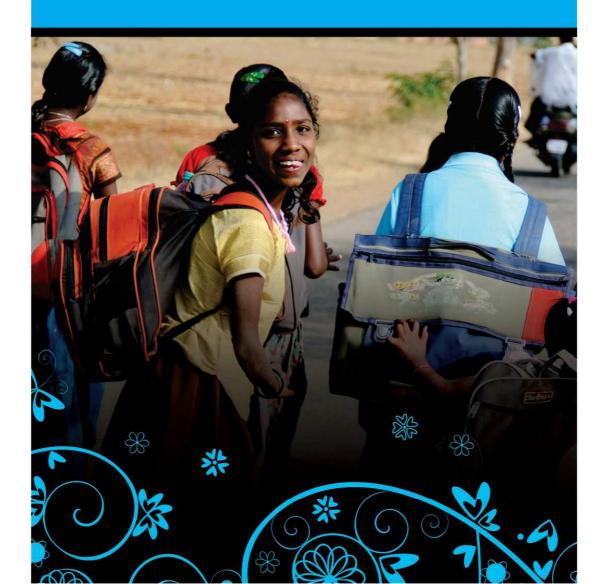


CHILD RIGHTS PROTECTION COMMITTEE

The family and community can take best care of, and protect their most vulnerable members - children

Child Protection Committee is a community structure, representing all sectors in the community who have a role to play in protecting children

Formed with representatives from the Community Based Organisations and Panchayat sub-committees: 35-40 members



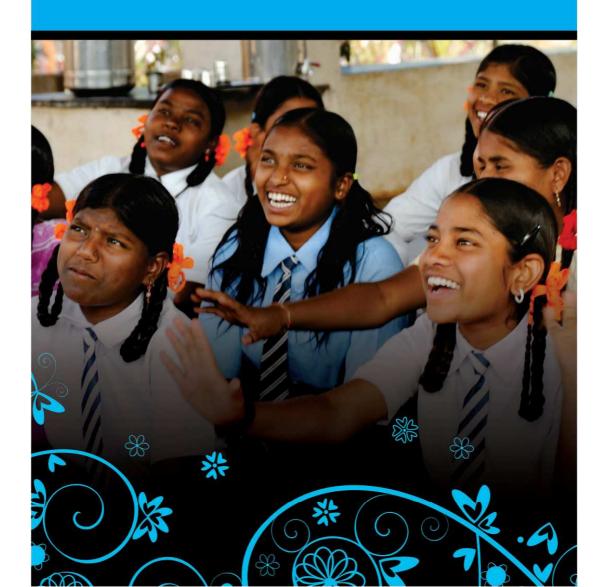


OTHER CHILD PROTECTION STRUCTURES

School Development and Monitoring Committee (SDMC) set up in schools to ensure provision of quality education and basic infrastructure facilities to children

Anti-Human Trafficking Committees (ATCs) created and made functional as a child protection structure at Panchayat (local self-government) level

Bala Vikasa Samiti set up to ensure effective functioning and implementation of Integrated Child Development Services (ICDS) programme





ROLE OF CHILD PROTECTION STRUCTURES

Main focus is providing solutions to the situation of individual vulnerable children, on issues like child marriage, child labour and education

Serve as platforms for holding duty-bearers accountable for promoting child rights and protecting children from violence



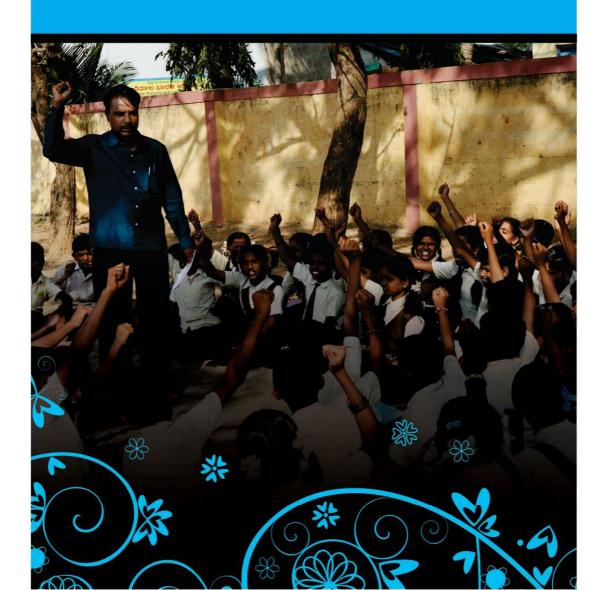


MOVING TOWARDS A PROTECTIVE ENVIRONMENT IN KOPPAL

School Development and Monitoring Committee active in 546 schools: over 5000 members trained in school management, preventing dropouts and enrolling the out of school children in appropriate bridge course

The Anti-trafficking Committees initiated in Karnataka is now being scaled up nationally: training provided to 879 ATC members to keep vigil on children

Bal Vikas Samitis strengthened in all Anganwadis: 182 centres supported for quality enhancement



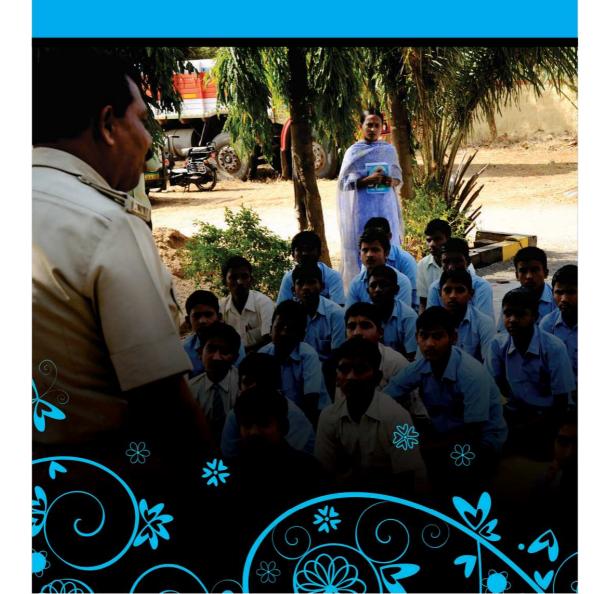


SPECIAL JUVENILE POLICE UNIT (SJPU): WHAT THEY DO

The Juvenile Justice (JJ) Act provides for a child friendly police unit to provide protection to children

Koppal Special Juvenile Police Unit (SJPU) established in August 2010

SJPU interventions include training, outreach programme and rescue work



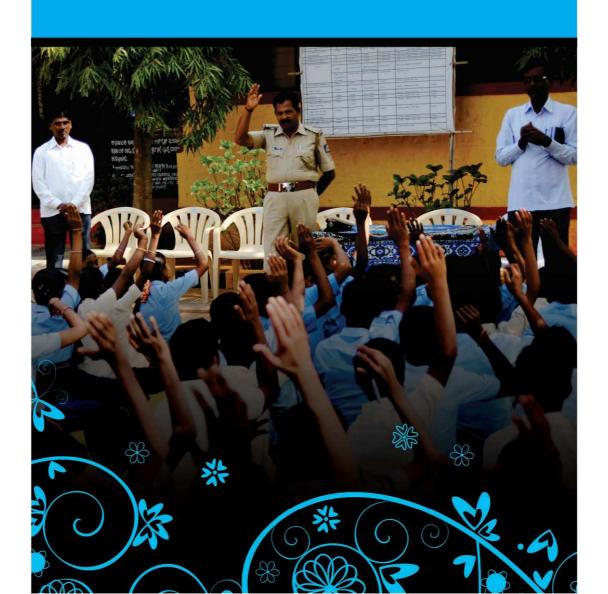


INITIATIVES TAKEN BY KOPPAL SJPU

623 police personnel (90% of Koppal police force) trained on child protection issues

5,708 school children sensitized during Weekly Open Houses

Outreach programmes conducted in every panchayat to address public and children related issues

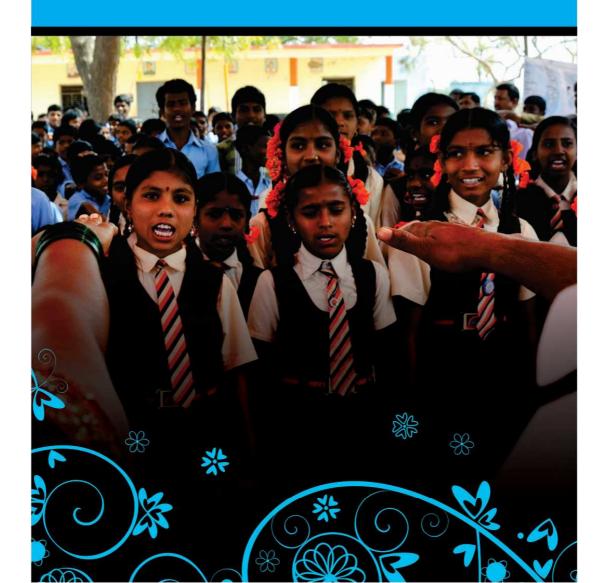




ACCOMPLISHMENTS OF KOPPAL SJPU

Notices issued to 35 mass marriage organisers to prevent child marriage

Prevented more than 300 child marriages and protected more than 100 children





RECOGNITION OF KOPPAL SJPU

Koppal District is emerging as a model for the proactive and lead role played by the Police to both prevent abuse and exploitation of children, and promote a conducive environment where children can grow and enjoy life without violence

Awarded the best SJPU in Karnataka in 2013

